

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Word	Sentence	# Syllables	Say to Spell	Say syllable	Segment...	Finger Spell & Cue
1. massive	There is a massive aircraft on the runway.	2	mäs sīv	/mäs/ /sīv/	/m-a-s/ /s-i-v-e/	Use /s-z/. Use /s-z/. Use /i-i-ē-y/. Silent final E.
<i>mas sive</i>						
	31.1 Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word. Double underline the silent final E. 12.2 English words do not end in V or U.					
	Vocabulary			Part of Speech		Plural / Past Tense
	-ive noun & adjective suffix; tending to			Adj		
2. alarm	The alarm is going off.	2	ā lärm	/ā/ /lärm/	/a/ /l-ar-m/	
<i>a lar<u>m</u></i>						
	Put a line over the /ā/. /ā-ā-ä/ said a long sound. 4A E O U usually say their long sounds at the end of the syllable. 31.1 Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word. Underline the /är/.					
				N, V		alarms, alarmed
3. fire	I love sitting near a fire.	1	fir	/fir/	/f-i-r-e/	Use /i-i-ē-y/. Silent final E.
<i>fire</i>						
	Put a line over the /i/. /i-i-ē-y/ said a long sound. Double underline the silent final E. 12.1 The vowel says its long sound because of the E.					
				N, V		fires, fired
4. department	Which department do you work in?	3	dē pärt mēnt	/dē/ /pärt/ /mēnt/	/d-e/ /p-ar-t/ /m-e-n-t/	
<i>dē part ment</i>						
	Put a line over the /ē/. /ē-ē/ said a long sound. 4A E O U usually say their long sounds at the end of the syllable. 31.1 Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word. Underline the /är/. 31.1 Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word.					
	de- away from, out of part separate, part -ment noun suffix			N		departments
5. rehearse	The students will rehearse the play on Monday.	2	rē hers	/rē/ /hers/	/r-e/ /h-ear-s-e/	Use /s-z/. Silent final E.
<i>rē hear<u>se</u></i>						
	Put a line over the /ē/. /ē-ē/ said a long sound. 4A E O U usually say their long sounds at the end of the syllable. 31.1 Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word. Underline the /er/. Double underline the silent final E. 12.5 Add an E to keep singular words that end in the letter S from looking plural.					
	re- again, back, backward			V		rehearsed
6. ceiling	The ceiling has amazing architecture.	2	sē līng	/sē/ /līng/	/cei/ /l-i-ng/	Use /i-i-ē-y/.
<i>cei ling</i>						
	Underline the /sē/. Underline the /ng/.					
				N		ceilings
7. argue	I went to argue with him.	2	är gū	/är/ /gū/	/ar/ /g-u-e/	Silent final E.
<i>ar gūe</i>						
	Underline the /är/. 2G may soften to /j/ only when followed by E, I, or Y. Otherwise, G says /g/. Put a line over the /ü/. /ü-ü-ö-ü/ said a long sound. Double underline the silent final E. 12.2 English words do not end in V or U.					
				V		argued
8. giraffe	There is a giraffe at the city zoo.	2	jer äff	/jer/ /äff/	/g-ir/ /a-f-f-e/	Use /g-j/. Use the /er/ of bird. Silent final E.
<i>2 gir affe</i>						
	Put a 2 over the /j/. /g-j/ said its second sound. 2G may soften to /j/ only when followed by E, I, or Y. Otherwise, G says /g/. Underline the /er/. Double underline the silent final E. 12.9 Unseen reason.					
				N		giraffes

9. package	She sent the package in the mail.	2	pāk āj	<u>/pāk/</u> /p-a-ck/	Use two-letter /k/ used only after a single, short vowel.
				<u>/āj/</u> /a-g-e/	Use /g-j/. Silent final E.
	<i>pack āge</i>				Underline the /k/. ²⁶ CK is used only after a single vowel which says its short sound. Put a line over the /ā/. /ā-ā-ā/ said a long sound. ^{31.1} Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word. Put a 2 over the /j/. /g-j/ said its second sound. Double underline the silent final E. ^{12.1} The vowel says its long sound because of the E. ^{12.3} The C says /s/ and the G says /j/ because of the E.
	-age noun suffix			N, V	packages, packaged
10. significant	We shouldn't overlook these more significant points.	4	sīg nif i kǎnt	<u>/sīg/</u> /s-i-g/	Use /s-z/. Use /i-i-ē-y/.
				<u>/nif/</u> /n-i-f/	Use /i-i-ē-y/.
				<u>/i/</u> /i/	Use /i-i-ē-y/.
				<u>/kǎnt/</u> /c-a-n-t/	Use /k-s/.
	<i>sig nif i cant</i>				² G may soften to /j/ only when followed by E, I, or Y. Otherwise, G says /g/. ⁵¹ I and Y may say /i/ or /i/ at the end of a syllable. ^{31.1} Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word. ¹ C always softens to /s/ when followed by E, I, or Y. Otherwise, C says /k/. ^{31.1} Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word.
	sign mark fic to do -ant noun & adjective suffix; characterized by			Adj, N	significants
11. sound	These are sound waves.	1	sownd	<u>/sownd/</u> /s-ou-n-d/	Use /s-z/. Use /ow-ō-ö-ü-ü/.
	<i>sound</i>				Underline the /ow/.
				N, V, Adj, Adv	sounds, sounded
12. other	Try the other key.	2	ōTH er	<u>/ōTH/</u> /o-th/	Use the /er/ of her.
	<i>oth er</i>				^{31.2} O may say /ü/ in a stressed syllable next to W, TH, M, N, or V. Underline the /TH/ and put a 2 over it. /th-TH/ said its second sound. Underline the /er/.
				Adj, N, Pro, Adv, V	others, othered
13. survive	We will survive the heat.	2	ser vīv	<u>/ser/</u> /s-ur/	Use /s-z/. Use the /er/ of hurt.
	<i>sur vīve</i>			<u>/vīv/</u> /v-i-v-e/	Use /i-i-ē-y/. Silent final E.
					Underline the /er/. Put a line over the /i/. /i-i-ē-y/ said a long sound. Double underline the silent final E. ^{12.1} The vowel says its long sound because of the E. ^{12.2} English words do not end in V or U.
	sur- below, under, beneath, secondary vive to live			V	survived
14. arrive	This plane will arrive at its destination in 45 minutes.	2	ār riv	<u>/ār/</u> /a-r/	Use /i-i-ē-y/. Silent final E.
	<i>ar rive</i>			<u>/riv/</u> /r-i-v-e/	Use /i-i-ē-y/. Silent final E.
					^{31.1} Any vowel may say one of the schwa sounds, /ü/ or /i/, in an unstressed syllable or unstressed word. Put a line over the /i/. /i-i-ē-y/ said a long sound. Double underline the silent final E. ^{12.1} The vowel says its long sound because of the E. ^{12.2} English words do not end in V or U.
	ar- toward, add rive stream, river			V	arrived
15. magic	Do you want to see a magic trick?	2	māj ik	<u>/māj/</u> /m-a-g/	Use /g-j/.
	<i>mag ic</i>			<u>/ik/</u> /i-c/	Use /i-i-ē-y/. Use /k-s/.
					Put a 2 over the /j/. /g-j/ said its second sound. ² G may soften to /j/ only when followed by E, I, or Y. Otherwise, G says /g/. ¹ C always softens to /s/ when followed by E, I, or Y. Otherwise, C says /k/.
				N, Adj	magic